

Presentations for February 3, 2022 Board of Directors Meeting

WATER EMERGENCY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

Midyear Budget Review

February 2022

Fiscal Year 2022 Budget – Midyear

 Report includes all significant expenses through December 2021—fiscal year halfway

 In FY22-- budget tracking with different cost categories than previous

 Ridership -- fare revenues biggest concern

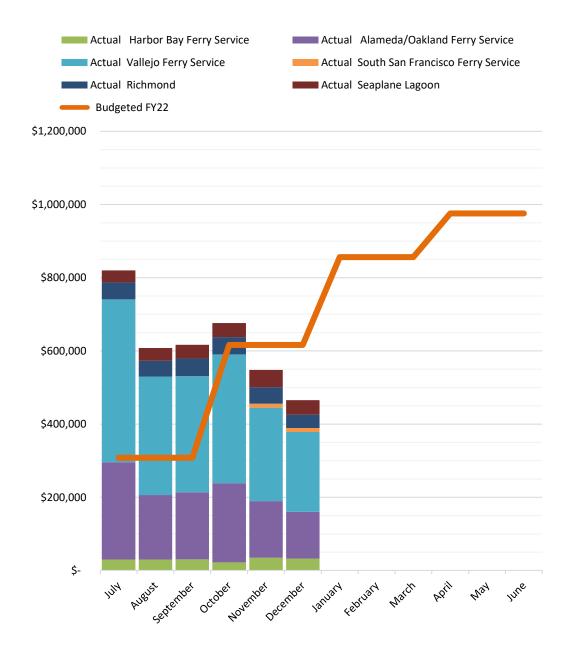
Revenues

	Actual	Budgeted	% of Budget
Fare Revenue	\$ 3,734,175	\$ 8,268,000	45%
Federal Operating Assistance	8,965,979	22,069,400	41%
State Operating Assistance	-	450,000	0%
Regional - Bridge Toll	7,787,198	15,555,000	50%
Contra Costa Measure J	1,825,654	3,651,300	50%
Other Revenue	31,712	-	0%
Total	\$ 22,344,718	\$ 49,993,700	

- Fare revenue now below budget (more on this)
- Operating assistance below budget --- tied to actual contracted expense
- Other revenues on budget

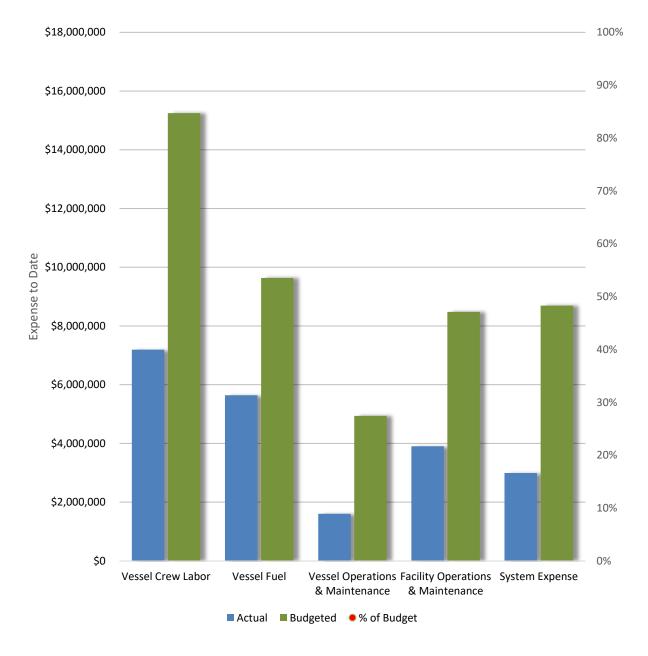
Fare Revenue

- Fare Revenue trended high in the first quarter compared to budget
- Dropped in last two months due to Omicron, seasonal changes
- Need \$755,000 per month for remainder of year to make budget projections (equal to July receipts).



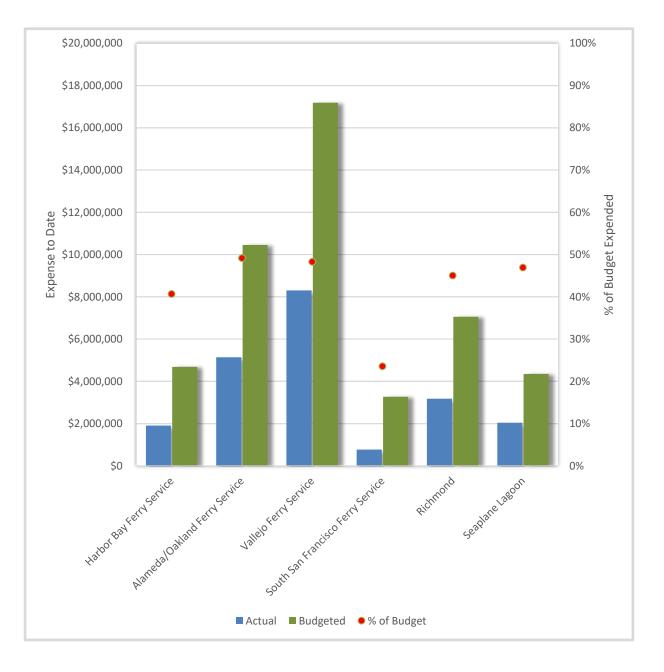
Operating **Expense**

- Expenses overall within budgeted
- Fuel costs still trending higher than budget- if costs do not recede \$2.5 million deficit in fuel budget
- Vessel operations and system expense below budget – potential for offsetting savings to cover fuel issue
- Savings due to better management of maintenance and reduced number of unscheduled repairs contingency preserved



Expense by Service

- All services are within budgeted amounts
- South San Francisco started after anticipated, higher savings
- Harbor Bay expense 10% lower than budgeted amounts



Planning and Administration

	Actual	Budgeted	% of Budget
Wages and Fringe Benefits	\$825,559	•	•
Services	459,925	2,054,200	22%
Materials and Supplies	36,134	59,800	60%
Utilities	11,478	43,800	26%
Insurance and Miscellaneous	33,466	111,800	30%
Leases and Rentals	136,696	326,400	42%
Overhead Expense Transfer	(499,359)	(1,197,600)	42%
Total	\$1,003,898	\$3,000,000	

- Salaries: Trending slightly higher than budget.
 - First half of year staff vacation accrual payouts (budgeted) & two CFO salaries for a full quarter (unbudgeted).
 - Budget assumed more staff charging to capital than last year, but first half of year saw very low capital activity.
 - Will continue to monitor in coming months
- Materials and Supplies: Budget included replacing staff laptops which occurred in the first half of year
- Leases: Lease savings anticipated due to lowered rent
- Services: Contract expenditures slower in first half than second half of year

Capital Projects

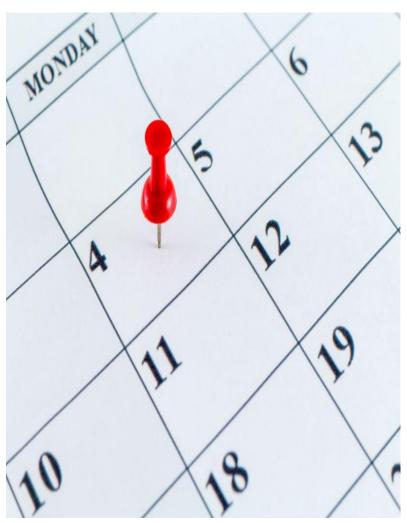
Expenditures to Date: \$5,721,359

FY 22 Budget: \$47,551,389



- Significant amounts related to COVID delays -- majority of funds for major vessel construction projects
- Likely to see shifts to the next fiscal year of some spending
- Some capital invoices lag often by several months (dredging)
- New electric ferry project delayed due to State funding allocation delay

Budget Next Steps



- Continued analysis in the coming months as we gather more data
- April multiyear projections and federal support time (life) line
- May first opportunity for budget approval
- June final budget opportunity (if needed)











Agenda

- Purpose of the Business Plan
- Governance Plan
- Enhanced Service Options
- Additional Ridership
- Outreach/Equity Plan
- First/Last Mile Plan
- 10-Year Financial Plan
- Next Steps



Business Plan Purpose

- Funded by the San Mateo County Transportation Authority (SMCTA)
- Required by the SMCTA for Measure A and W funding
- Living document to be used to guide future planning/implementation
- Builds on 2021 Feasibility Study

Feasibility Study



- New elements of Business Plan:
 - Governance
 - Alternative Service Options
 - Weekends
 - Special Events
 - Outreach/Equity
 - First Mile/Last Mile Service

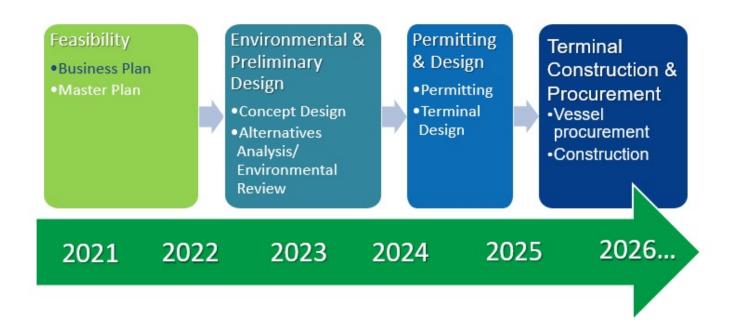
Governance Plan

Agency	Role
WETA	 Service provider for ferry operations Procurement and maintenance of ferry vessels Maintenance of waterside facilities Partner agency for the implementation phase of the project
Port of Redwood City	 Provision of landside terminal facilities including parking Provision of pedestrian/bicycle facilities for ferry access on Port property Lead agency for the implementation phases of the project
City of Redwood City	 Provision of pedestrian/bicycle facilities for ferry access within the City Provision of \$5.0 M in funding from the State Partner agency for the implementation phase of the project
First/Mile Last Mile Transit Providers	 Provision of transit services to provide access and connectivity of the ferry services to the local and regional transit network and nearby centers of activity
SMCTA	 Partner agency for the implementation phase of the project Provision of funding and project implementation oversight during the implementation phase of the project
МТС	 Provision of funding to cover implementation and ongoing operations/maintenance of the project

Governance/Project Implementation

- Port would serve as lead agency for permitting, environmental
- WETA, City would serve as partner agencies
- SMCTA Measure A funding available for PE/Permitting phase
 - Requires 10% local match
- City would continue to serve as recipient of SMCTA funding
- Would require amendment to existing MOU
- Lead on Final Design, Construction phases TBD

Project Implementation Timeline



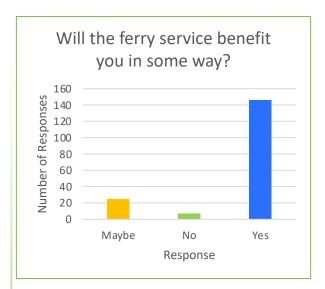
Outreach/Equity

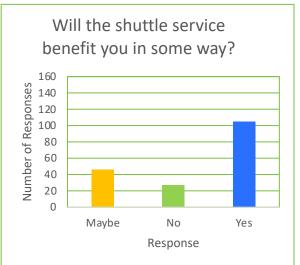
- Business Plan outreach focused on underserved and disadvantaged communities:
 - On-Site Survey Distribution
 - In-Person Events (Oakland/RWC Farmers Markets)
 - Online Survey
 - Redwood City Together Partnership
 - Materials in Spanish & English
- Two additional meetings with water resources users and interests

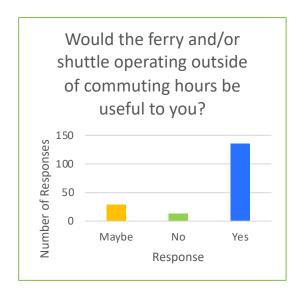




Survey Results







Equity Analysis

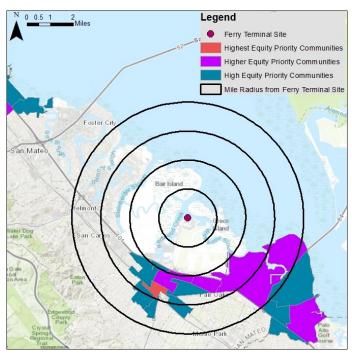
- Access to higher paying jobs:
 - Peninsula jobs paid 24% more than East Bay jobs in 2020*
- Access to lower cost housing
 - Housing costs were 36% lower in Alameda County compared to San Mateo County in 2021**
 - Rental costs were 22% lower Alameda County compared to San Mateo County in 2021***

^{*} Source: California Employment Development Department

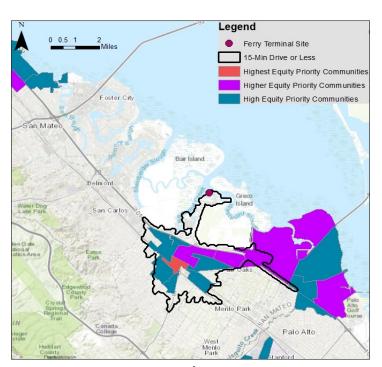
^{**} Zillow Home Value Index

^{***} Derived from Costar

Equity Priority Communities near the Redwood City Ferry Terminal Site

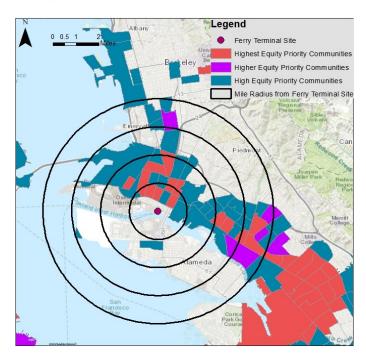


One-mile intervals

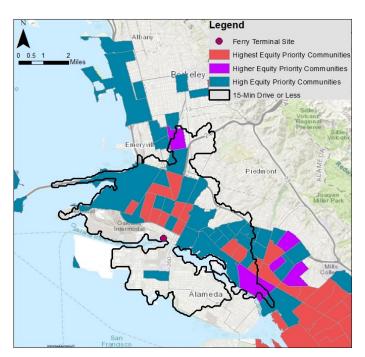


15-minute drive time

Equity Priority Communities near the Oakland Ferry Terminal



One-mile intervals



15-minute drive time

Key Themes – Input from Water Resource Users/Interests

- The waterways which would be used by the ferries are an important recreational resource and wildlife habitat
- Wake and speed management is critical to avoid adverse impacts to boaters, recreational users, and wildlife.
- Private ferry operations caused hazardous conditions for recreation users
- Better enforcement is needed
- If these issues are addressed, ferry service is a good idea

Service Plan - Overall

- Feasibility study established standard, commute-only service profile for both SF and Oakland
- Interest expressed by City, Port to expand service into midday, weekend and special events
- Developed concept service plans, ridership and cost estimates for this "Full Build-out" model
- "It is important to note..." actual project can be phased depending on demand, available operating dollars
 - SF or Oak first? Weekday only? Commute only? Special events?
- Dependent on technology improvements for zero-emission capabilities

Service Plan - Oakland

	OAK – RWC Weekdays			
Boat	Depart OAK	Arrive RWC	Depart RWC	Arrive OAK
Boat 1	6:15 AM	7:20 AM	7:30 AM	8:35 AM
Boat 2	7:20 AM	8:25 AM	8:35 AM	9:40 AM
Boat 1	9:20 AM	10:25 AM		
Boat 2	10:25 AM	11:30 AM		
Boat 1			2:20 PM	3:25 PM
Boat 2			3:00 PM	4:05 PM
Boat 1	4:10 PM	5:15 PM	5:25 PM	6:30 PM
Boat 2	4:50 PM	5:55 PM	6:05 PM	7:10 PM



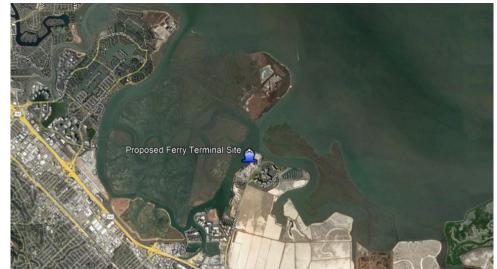
Service Plan – San Francisco



SF – RWC Weekdays				
Boat	Depart SF	Arrive RWC	Depart RWC	Arrive SF
Boat 1	5:50 AM	6:45 AM	6:55 AM	7:50 AM
Boat 2	6:20 AM	7:15 AM	7:25 AM	8:20 AM
Boat 1	8:35 AM	9:30 AM	9:40 AM	10:35 AM
Boat 2	9:05 AM	10:00 AM		
Boat 1			1:55 PM	2:50 PM
Boat 2			2:55 PM	3:50 PM
Boat 1	3:00 PM	3:55 PM	4:40 PM	5:35 PM
Boat 2	4:00 PM	4:55 PM	5:45 PM	6:40 PM
SF-RWC Weekends				
Boat	Depart SF	Arrive RWC	Depart RWC	Arrive SF
Boat 1	9:30 AM	10:25 AM	10:35 AM	11:30 AM
Boat 2	10:15 AM	11:10 AM	11:20 AM	12:15 PM
Boat 1	12:30 PM	1:25 PM	1:35 PM	2:30 PM
Boat 2	1:15 PM	2:10 PM	2:20 PM	3:15 PM
Boat 1	2:40 PM	3:35 PM		
Boat 3			2:00 PM	2:55 PM
Boat 4			3:15 PM	4:10 PM
Boat 3	3:05 PM	4:00 PM	5:00 PM	5:55 PM
Boat 2	3:25 PM	4:20 PM		
Boat 4	4:20 PM	5:15 PM	6:15 PM	7:10 PM
Boat 3	6:05 PM	7:00 PM	7:10 PM	8:05 PM
Boat 4	7:20 PM	8:15 PM	8:25 PM	9:20 PM

Ferry Terminal

- Northern Site:
 - Eliminates dredging
 - Removed from most sensitive areas
 - Better ferry maneuverability
 - Lower cost \$16.3 M
 - Single berth only



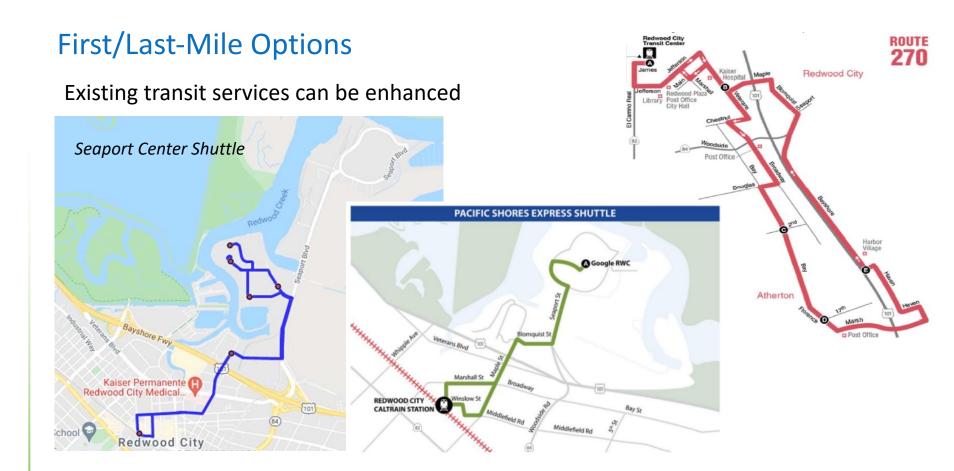
Item Name	Description of Components	Total Cost
Construction Co	osts	
Waterside Cons	struction Subtotal	\$8,300,000
Contingency	Allowance for 25% Contingency	\$2,075,000
	Subtotal	\$10,375,000
Contingency	Allowance for 10% Construction Contingency	\$1,037,50
	Total Estimated Waterside Cost	\$11,500,00
Landside Const	ruction Subtotal	\$2,400,00
Contingency	Allow for 25% Contingency	\$600,00
	Total Estimated Landside Cost	\$3,000,00
Permitting Cost	rs	
Float	Permit Compliance and support	\$167,00
Lot	Permit Compliance and support	\$167,00
To	otal Estimated Cost (Marine Waterside, Marine Landside and Permitting)	\$14,900,00
	Total Estimated Cost Construction (year 2022 dollars)	\$16,300,00

Speed/Wake Enforcement

- Speed restrictions that extend into the San Francisco Bay are in place for safety reasons
- Wake restrictions are intended to protect both non-motorized water users as well as sea and land species and their habitat, which can potentially be affected by wake and noise impacts
- Enforcement is the responsibility of the Coast Guard and the Redwood City Police Department. The Port is building a new docking facility for the Police and Fire Departments
- WETA follows maritime rules for wake enforcement and has a long history of successful conformance with wake related operating speed restrictions. There is no additional cost associated with adhering to wake regulations.

Ridership Estimates

Route	Weekday Boardings	Weekend Day Boardings				
(forecast values j	(forecast values for new routes shown in bold)					
Oakland/Alameda-San Francisco	5,047	4,120				
Vallejo-San Francisco	4,081	1,983				
Berkeley-San Francisco-Mission Bay	2,020	1,270				
Berkeley-San Francisco	1,830	1,150				
Harbor Bay-San Francisco	1417	-				
Redwood City-San Francisco	1,290	1,130				
Oakland-Redwood City	850	-				
Richmond-San Francisco	813	680				
Oakland/Alameda-South San Francisco	601	-				
Berkeley-Larkspur (Weekend Service)	-	490				



First/Last-Mile Options - Shuttles

- Two existing shuttles that can be easily modified for ferry
- It is reasonable to assume private employers will serve ferry, as they do in South SF
- Recommend
 development of a new
 shuttle to serve other
 employment
 areas/communities

Option	Description	Benefits	Drawbacks
Incorporate Pacific Shores Shuttle	Adjust the service schedule to meet ferry arrivals/departures	 Provides a connection to Downtown Builds efficiency with an existing service (fills empty 'reverse commute' seats) Reduces operational costs compared to a new shuttle Leverages private funding 	 Could be difficult to align schedule May require more shuttle trips to meet both ferries and Caltrain Requires coordination with private businesses
Extend Seaport Centre Shuttle	Extend the route to ferry terminal site to meet ferry arrivals/departures	 Provides connections to Seaport Centre and Downtown Builds efficiency with an existing service (fills empty 'reverse commute' seats) Reduces operational costs compared to a new shuttle Leverages private funding 	 Could be difficult to align schedule May require more shuttle trips to meet both ferries and Caltrain Requires coordination with private businesses
Create New Service	Create a new shuttle service to make desired connections	 Full control of scheduling Can select locations to serve Could create a service that serves multiple purposes 	Partnerships for funding will be neededHigh operational costs
Promote Direct Employer Shuttles	Encourage large employers to provide shuttle service	Requires no public funding commitment to	 No public control over service decisions Employer shuttles likely will only serve each employer's staff
Extend SamTrans Route 270	Extend runs to the ferry terminal site that would align with ferry schedules	 Increases potential service area Creates a link to the public transit system 	 Coordination with ferry schedule could be difficult SamTrans cost per hour is higher than for shuttles Increases travel time for people not going to the ferry
Study On- Demand Service	Study the feasibility of an on-demand shuttle service within Redwood City	 Directly connects all Redwood City residents to the ferry terminal Increases connectivity to all parts of Redwood City 	 Increases local costs Could require a new management structure

Bicycle/Pedestrian Connections



Ten-Year Cost Analysis

Operations Expense

Item	Oakland	San Francisco
Service Assumptions		
AM Trips (Peak Dir./ Rev.)	2/2	2/2
PM Trips (Peak Dir./ Rev.)	2/2	2/2
Trip Time (Minutes)	65	55
Total Daily Crews	4	4
Number of Vessels	2	2
Annual Operations & Mainter	nance Costs - \$ Y	ear 2022
Crew Labor	\$2,410,624	\$3,592,302
Vessel Maintenance	\$805,748	\$805,748
Facility Operation & Maintenance	\$654,738	\$840,737
System Expenses	\$1,008,408	\$1,190,568
Fuel	\$2,234,820	\$2,817,500
Total, Operating Expenses	\$7,114,338	\$9,246,855
10-Year Operating Expenses (2025-2034)	
Crew Labor	\$27,635,103	\$41,181,717
Vessel Maintenance	\$9,236,998	\$9,236,998
Facility Operation & Maintenance	\$7,505,837	\$9,638,108
System Expenses	\$11,560,268	\$13,648,528
Fuel	\$25,619,707	\$32,299,480
Total, Operating Expenses	\$81,557,912	\$106,004,830

Farebox Recovery

ltem	Redwood City Routes		
	OAK	SF	
10-Year Annual Operating Expenses	\$81,557,912	\$106,004,830	
10-Year Ridership	2,484,796	5,196,003	
10-Year Annual Fare Revenue	\$33,424,330	\$68,151,708	
Farebox Recovery Percentage	41%	64%	

Capital Costs

Item	Cost
Terminal Construction	\$ 19,800,000
Vessels	\$ 80,000,000
Shuttle	\$ 150,000
Environmental review and engineering	\$ 3,000,000
Total	\$ 102,950,000

Next Steps





Questions?